



# Step by Step Guide E1/T1 PRI Card Installation Asterisk

# **Step by Step Guide**

# E1/T1 PRI Card Installation

Version 2.0

# Table of Contents

Hardware Setup	1
Software Installation	2
Test Environment	2
Installation of Pre-requisite packages	2
Installation of Libpri package	2
Installation of DAHDI package	4
Installation of Asterisk Package	6
Software Configuration	7

### **Hardware Setup**

- 1. Insert the PRI (PCI/PCIe) card in the corresponding slot
- 2. Check if the installed PRI card is detected using the below command

#### [root@localhost ~]# lspci -vvvvv

3. Check the output of the given command and ensure if there is a line Bridge: PLX Technology, Inc. Unknown device d44d (rev 01)



PLX Technology will be found, if you cannot see the PLX Technology, please poweroff your server and try another PCI slot, if it still does not help, you have to check the compatibility issue between the card and your PCI bus.

## **Software Installation**

#### **Test Environment**

Libpri-1.4.14 dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1 asterisk-1.8.20.1 centos 6.2 (kernel version: 2.6.32)

#### Installation of Pre-requisite packages

- 1. Install all of Asterisk's dependencies that are required to compile asterisk.
  - a. Run the followings commands to install the required packages needed for compiling drivers from source.

```
[root@localhost ~]# yum install bison bison-devel ncurses
ncurses-devel zlib zlib-devel openssl openssl-devel gnutls-devel
gcc gcc-c++ libxml2
```

#### Installation of Libpri package

- 1. Go to /usr/src directory
- 2. Download libpri by running the following command

```
[root@localhost src]# wget
http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephony/libpri/libpri-
1.4.14.tar.gz
```

3. Expand the downloaded file

[root@localhost src]# tar -xvzf libpri-1.4.14.tar.gz

root@localhost:/usr/src	X
<u>File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help</u>	
[root@localhost ~]# cd /usr/src/	1
[root@localhost src]# tar xvzf libpri-1.4.14.tar.gz	
libpri-1.4.14/	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_qsig_monitor.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptmp_monitor_flattened.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_qsig_agent.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptp_monitor.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_qsig_monitor_flattened.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptmp_agent_flattened.fsm	Ξ
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptmp_monitor.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptmp_agent.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_qsig_agent_flattened.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptp_agent.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptp_monitor_flattened.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/doc/cc_ptp_agent_flattened.fsm	
libpri-1.4.14/rose.h	
libpri-1.4.14/pri_aoc.c	
libpri-1.4.14/testprilib.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rose_qsig_diversion.c	
libpri-1.4.14/pridump.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rose_etsi_ect.c	
libpri-1.4.14/prisched.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rose_etsi_diversion.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rosetest.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rose_qsig_ct.c	
libpri-1.4.14/libpri.h	
libpri-1.4.14/rose_etsi_aoc.c	
libpri-1.4.14/rose.c	
libpri-1.4.14/pri_cc.c	
libpri-1.4.14/asn1 primitive.c	

4. Go to libpri-1.4.14 folder and install the package using following commands as shown in the below screenshot

[root@localhost src]# cd libpri-1.4.14
[root@localhost src]# make clean; make ; make install
root@iocalhost:/usr/src/libpri-1.4.14
Ele Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
[root@localhost libpri-1.4.14]# make clean; make ; make install
rm -f *.o *.so *.lo
rm -f libpri.a libpri.so.1.4
rm -f pridump pritest rosetest testprilib
rm -f .*.d
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -02 -MD -MT copy_string.o -MF .copy_string.o.d
-MP -c -o copy_string.o copy_string.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -O2 -MD -MT pri.o -MF .pri.o.d -MP -c -o pri.o
pri.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -TPIC -02 -MD -MT q921.o -MF .q921.o.d -MP -c -o q92
gcc - g - watt -werror -wstrict-prototypes -wmissing-prototypes -rrit - 02 -mb -mi prisched.omr - prisched.omr -
$C \rightarrow prisched.c prisched.c$
get - g - matter emerior - matrice-procotypes - minissing-procotypes - nice - oz - nie - ni destro - nie . destro - nie - e - o des
acc Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPTC -02 -MD -MT pri acc.o -ME .pri acc.o.d -MP -c
-o pri aoc.o pri aoc.c
gcc - g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -02 -MD -MT pri cc.o -MF .pri cc.o.d -MP -c -o
pri_cc.o pri_cc.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -02 -MD -MT pri_facility.o -MF .pri_facility.o
.d -MP -c -o pri_facility.o pri_facility.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -02 -MD -MT asn1_primitive.o -MF .asn1_primiti
ve.o.d -MP -c -o asnl_primitive.o asnl_primitive.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -O2 -MD -MT rose.o -MF .rose.o.d -MP -c -o ros
e.o rose.c
gcc -g -Wall -Werror -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -O2 -MD -MT rose_address.o -MF .rose_address.o
.d -MP -C -o rose_address.o rose_address.c
gcc -g -walt -werror -wstrict-prototypes -wmissing-prototypes -fPIC -02 -MD -MT rose_etsi_aoc.o -MF .rose_etsi_aoc
.0.0 -MP -C -O FOSE_ETSI_AOC.O FOSE_ETSI_AOC.C

Next, we'll install DAHDI. DAHDI is the set of linux kernel modules and also a set of tools for interfacing with TDM cards. More importantly, DAHDI provides timing to several asterisk components, such as the MeetMe application as well as Music on Hold. If you don't have a proper timing source installed, you'll notice lots of stuttering pauses in any kind of audio playback (Music on Hold, IVR prompts, voicemail greetings) from asterisk. If you don't have any TDM hardware installed in your server, DAHDI also provides a "dummy" driver that will provide a timing source to asterisk.

#### Installation of DAHDI package

1. Download the DAHDI driver with tools, which are available at <u>http://www.allo.com/firmware/pri-card/drivers/dahdi-linux-complete-</u> <u>2.6.1+2.6.1.tar.gz</u>

[root@localhost src]#wget <u>http://www.allo.com/firmware/pri-</u> card/drivers/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1.tar.gz

2. Expand the downloaded file and enter into that directory as shown in the below screenshot.

```
[root@localhost src]# tar -xvzf dahdi-linux-complete-
current.tar.gz
[root@pbx1 src]# cd dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1
```

3. Compile its contents, and install the dahdi driver as show in the below screenshot

[root@localhost dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1]#make; make
install; make config

root@localhost:/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1	X
<u>File Edit View Terminal Tabs H</u> elp	
[root@localhost dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1]# make; make install; make config	-
make -C linux all	
make[1]: Entering directory `/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux'	
make -C drivers/dahdi/firmware firmware-loaders	
make[2]: Entering directory `/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/firmware'	
make[2]: Leaving directory `/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/firmware'	
make -C /lib/modules/2.6.18-308.el5PAE/build SUBDIRS=/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi D	
AHDI_INCLUDE=/usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/include DAHDI_MODULES_EXTRA=" " HOTPLUG_FIRMWARE=yes mo	
dules DAHDI_BUILD_ALL=m	
make[2]: Entering directory `/usr/src/kernels/2.6.18-308.el5-PAE-i686'	
<pre>CC [M] /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6</pre>	
100_api/oct6100_adpcm_chan.o	
CC [M] /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100_api/oct6100_channel.o	
CC [M] /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100_api/oct6100_chip_open.o	
CC [M] /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100_api/oct6100_chip_stats.o	
CC [M] /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dahdi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100 ap1/oct6100 cont_bridge.o	
CC [M] /USr/Src/dandi-linux-complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/linux/drivers/dandi/tor3//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100 ap1/octo100 debug.o	
LC [M] /USF/SFC/dandi-Linux-Complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/Linux/drivers/dandi/tors//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
LC [M] /USF/SFC/dandi-Linux-Complete-2.6.1+2.6.1/Linux/drivers/dandi/tors//oct612x/octdeviceapi/oct6100api/oct6	
100 ppi (psf)51/2/dandi-tinx-comptete-2.6.1+2.6.1/tinux/drivers/dandi/tors//oct612x/oct6000/cc61000api/oct6	
100_api/octoino_memory.o	
to [n] /usi/si/usi/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui/ui	
pug_ap/ occurus_misee canevas.u	
loc [n] /usi/si/yuanu/-thua-complete-2.0.1+2.0.1/thua/uiive/s/uanu/(0/s/./ucto12//uctueviteap1/ucto100ap1/ucto	
100 api/oct6100 mixer.o	

If there is any problem with the driver patch used for installation, please contact support@allo.com

 If PRI card is with Hardware LEC module, Please download the firmware from here <u>http://www.allo.com/firmware/pri-card/OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz</u> under /usr/lib/hotplug/firmware and /lib/firmware directories

[root@localhost ~]# cd /lib/firmware/

[root@localhost firmware]#

[root@localhost firmware]# wget -c
http://www.allo.com/firmware/pri-card/OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz

b. Extract the file in these two folders as shown below,

[root@localhost firmware]# tar xvzf OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz

OCT6126E-128D.ima

dahdi-fw-oct6114-128.bin

[root@localhost firmware]# cd /usr/lib/hotplug/firmware/

[root@localhost firmware]# tar xvzf OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz

OCT6126E-128D.ima

dahdi-fw-oct6114-128.bin

Reboot the machine

#### Installation of Asterisk Package

- 1. Download the Asterisk 1.8.20.1 version from http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephony/asterisk/asterisk-1.8-current.tar.gz
- 2. Expand the downloaded asterisk file as shown below

[root@pbx1 src]# tar xvzf asterisk-1.8-current.tar.gz

3. Go to asterisk folder and compile the packages as shown in the screenshot

[root@pbx1 asterisk-1.8.20.1]# ./configure; make; make install; make config; make samples

root@localhost:/usr/src/asterisk-1.8.20.1	_ = ×
<u>File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help</u>	
Foot@Jocalhost/JSrC/ASterisk-1.8.20.1 File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help [root@localhost asterisk-1.8.20.1]# ./configure; make ; make install; make config; make samples checking build system type i686-pc-linux-gnu checking host system type i686-pc-linux-gnu checking for gc compiler default output file name a.out checking for C compiler default output file name a.out checking whether the C compiler works yes checking for suffix of executables checking for suffix of executables checking for suffix of object files o checking for suffix of object files o checking for suffix of object files o checking for gc option to accept ISO C89 none needed checking how to run the C preprocessor gcc -E checking for grep that handles long lines and -e /bin/grep checking for ANSI C header files yes	
checking for sys/stat.h yes checking for stdlib.h yes checking for string.h yes	
checking for memory.n yes checking for strings.h yes checking for inttypes.h []	

Now you have successfully compiled and installed Libpri, DAHDI and Asterisk.

## **Software Configuration**

5. This session will provide steps for configuring signaling mode, once you are done with the signaling mode continue with module & channel configuration.

#### E1/T1/MFCR2 mode settings

E1 Mode

[root@localhost ~]# echo "tor3e" >> /etc/dahdi/modules

T1 Mode

[root@localhost ~]# echo " options tor3e eltloverride=1 " >>
/etc/modprobe.d/dahdi.conf

MFCR2 Mode

[root@localhost ~]# echo "options tor3e mfcr2=1" >>
/etc/modprobe.d/dahdi.conf

6. Load the DAHDI drivers

[root@pbx1 ~]# /etc/init.d/dahdi start

7. Use "dahdi\_genconf" to finish auto configuration:

[root@localhost ~]# dahdi\_genconf -vvvvvvv

Default parameters from /etc/dahdi/genconf\_parameters

Generating /etc/dahdi/system.conf

Generating /etc/asterisk/dahdi-channels.conf

8. Check the output configured channels using the following commands. It will list the configure channels.

[root@ localhost ~]# dahdi\_cfg -vvvv

root@localhost:~	- = ×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> erminal Ta <u>b</u> s <u>H</u> elp	
[root@localhost ~]# dahdi cfg -vvvvvvvvvvv	-
DAHDI Tools Version - 2.6.1	
	_
DAHDI Version: 2.6.1	
Echo Canceller(s): HWEC	
Configuration	
CRAN 1, CCC/URR2 Build out, 0 db /CCUV/0 122 foot /DCV 1)	
SPAN 1: CCS/HDBS Build-Out: 0 dD (CSU)/0-135 Teet (DSA-1)	
SPAN 2. CCS/HDB3 Build-out: 0 db (CSU)/0-135 Teet (DSA-1)	
SPAN 4: CCS/HDB3 Build-out: 0 db (CSU)/0-133 Feet (DSX-1)	
Channel map:	
Channel 01: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 01)	
Channel 02: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 02)	
Channel 03: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 03)	
Channel 04: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 04)	
Channel 05: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 05)	
Channel 06: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 06)	
Channel 07: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 07)	
Channel 08: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 08)	
Channel 09: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 09)	
Channel 10: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 10)	
Channel II: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: II)	
Channel 12: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 12)	
Channel 14: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 14)	
Channel 15: Clear channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 15)	
Channel 16: D-channel (Default) (Echo Canceler: none) (Slaves: 16)	

9. The following is an example system.conf file for E1 as shown in figure

```
[root@localhost ~]# vi /etc/dahdi/system.conf
```

```
root@localhost:~
                                                                                                                           _ = ×
 <u>File Edit View Terminal Tabs H</u>elp
 [root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/asterisk/dahdi-channels.conf
 Autogenerated by /usr/sbin/dahdi_genconf on Tue Mar 5 18:34:12 2013
If you edit this file and execute /usr/sbin/dahdi_genconf again,
  your manual changes will be LOST.
  Dahdi Channels Configurations (chan dahdi.conf)
  This is not intended to be a complete chan_dahdi.conf. Rather, it is intended
  to be #include-d by /etc/chan_dahdi.conf that will include the global settings
  Span 1: Tor3/0/1 "ALLO (PCI) Quad E1 Card 0 Span 1" (MASTER) HDB3/CCS/CRC4 BLUE RED
group=0,11
context=from-pstn
switchtype = euroisdn
signalling = pri cpe
channel => 1-15,17-31
context = default
group = 63
; Span 2: Tor3/0/2 "ALLO (PCI) Quad E1 Card 0 Span 2" HDB3/CCS/CRC4 BLUE RED
group=0,12
context=from-pstn
switchtype = euroisdn
signalling = pri_cpe
channel => 32-46,48-62
context = default
group = 63
 Span 3: Tor3/0/3 "ALLO (PCI) Quad E1 Card 0 Span 3" HDB3/CCS/CRC4 BLUE RED
aroup=0.13
context=from-pstn
```

10. This session will provide steps for updating LEC module,

a. Download the LEC module from <u>http://www.allo.com/firmware/pri-card/OCT6-</u> LEC-128.tar.gz into /usr/lib/hotplug/firmware and /lib/firmware directories

b. Extract the file in these two folders as shown below,

[root@localhost ~]# cd /lib/firmware/

[root@localhost firmware]# tar xvzf OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz

OCT6126E-128D.ima

dahdi-fw-oct6114-128.bin

[root@localhost firmware]# cd /usr/lib/hotplug/firmware/

[root@localhost firmware]# tar xvzf OCT6-LEC-128.tar.gz

OCT6126E-128D.ima

dahdi-fw-oct6114-128.bin

Reboot the machine

11. Include the dahdi-channels.conf in chan\_dahdi,conf file to configure dahdi channels with asterisk.

[root@localhost ~]# echo "#include dahdi-channels.conf" >>
/etc/asterisk/chan\_dahdi.conf

12. Edit the dialplan (/etc/asterisk/extensions.conf)

```
[from-pstn]
exten => s,1,Answer() // answer the inbound call
exten => s,n,Playback(cc_welcome) //please message
exten => s,n,Hangup()
[from-internal]
exten => _X.,1,Dial(dahdi/g1/${EXTEN})
exten => _X.,n,Hangup
```

13. Start the asterisk and connect the Asterisk CLI

[root@localhost ~]# /etc/init.d/asterisk start

Starting asterisk:

#### [root@localhost ~]#

14. Check the status of dahdi spans in asterisk CLI.

Here is an example shows the spans status of CP400P/CP400E card

	root@l	ocalhost;~			_ = ×
<u>File Edit View Terminal Tabs H</u> elp					
localhost*CLI> dahdi show status					-
Description Al	larms IRQ	bpviol CRC	Fra Codi Options I	LBO	
ALLO (PCI) Quad El Card 0 Span 1 OK	< Θ	18 2	CCS HDB3 CRC4	0 db (CSU)/0-133 feet	(DSX-1
ALLO (PCI) Quad El Card 0 Span 2 OK	ς Θ	14 4	CCS HDB3 CRC4	0 db (CSU)/0-133 feet	(DSX-1
ALLO (PCI) Quad El Card 0 Span 3 BL	LU/RED 0	2 0	CCS HDB3 CRC4	0 db (CSU)/0-133 feet	(DSX-1
ALLO (PCI) Quad El Card 0 Span 4 BL	LU/RED 0	2 0	CCS HDB3 CRC4	0 db (CSU)/0-133 feet	(DSX-1
) localhost*CLI> []					

15. Check the configured dahdi channels in asterisk using "dahdi show channels " as shown in the screenshot.

			root@localhost	:~		_ = ×
<u>File Edit View</u>	<i>i</i> <u>T</u> erminal Ta <u>b</u> s <u>H</u> e	p				
[root@localho Asterisk 1.8. Created by Ma Asterisk come This is free License versi certain condi	st ~]# asterisk -+ 20.1, Copyright (C) rk Spencer <markste s with ABSOLUTELY M software, with comp on 2 and other lice tions. Type 'core s</markste 	- 1999 - 2012 er@digium.com NO WARRANTY; onents license enses; you are show license'	Digium, Inc. and o type 'core show war sed under the GNU G e welcome to redist for details.	others. ranty' for de General Public ribute it und	tails. er	
Connected to	Asterisk 1.8.20.1 (	currently run	ning on localhost (	pid = 5078)		
Verbosity is	at least 3			p10 0010/		
localhost*CLI	> dahdi show ch					
channels cha	nnel					
localhost*CLI	> dahdi show channe	els				
Chan Exten	sion Context	Language	MOH Interpret	Blocked	State	
pseudo	default		default		In Service	
1	from-pstn		default		In Service	
2	from-pstn		default		In Service	
3	from-pstn		default		In Service	
4	from-pstn		default		In Service	
5	from-pstn		default		In Service	
6	from-pstn		default		In Service	
7	from-pstn		default		In Service	
8	from-pstn		default		In Service	
9	from-pstn		default		In Service	
10	from-pstn		default		In Service	
11	from-pstn		default		In Service	
12	from-pstn		default		In Service	
13	from-pstn		default		In Service	
14	from-pstn		default		In Service	
15	from-pstn		default		In Service	
17	from netn		default		In Service	

16. Then check the check the PRI status of all spans

Here is an example output of PRI spans

# File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help localhost\*CLI> pri show spans PRI span 1/0: Up, Active PRI span 2/0: Up, Active PRI span 3/0: In Alarm, Down, Active PRI span 4/0: In Alarm, Down, Active localhost\*CLI>

Now the system is ready to make calls using these configured dahdi channels.